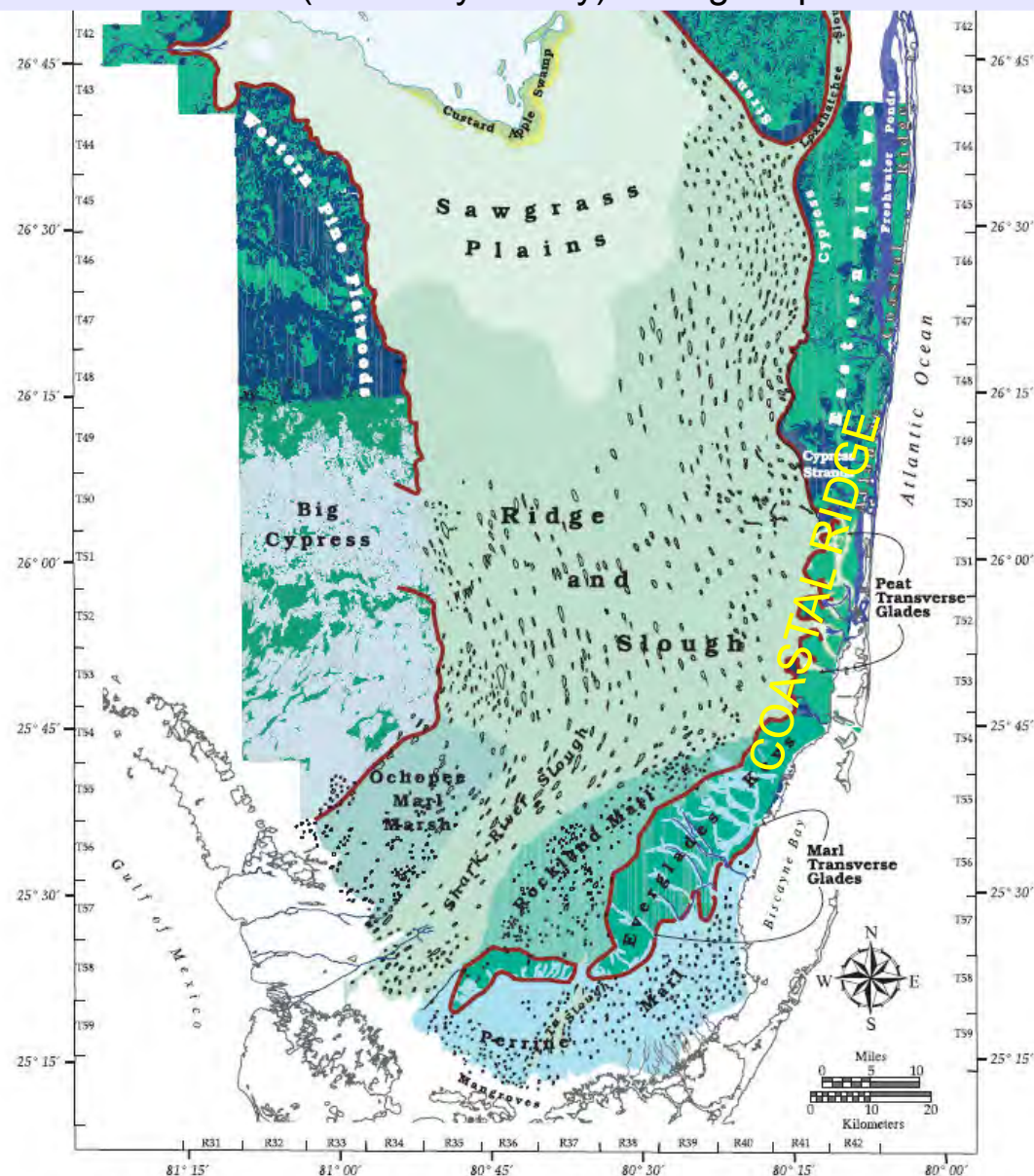




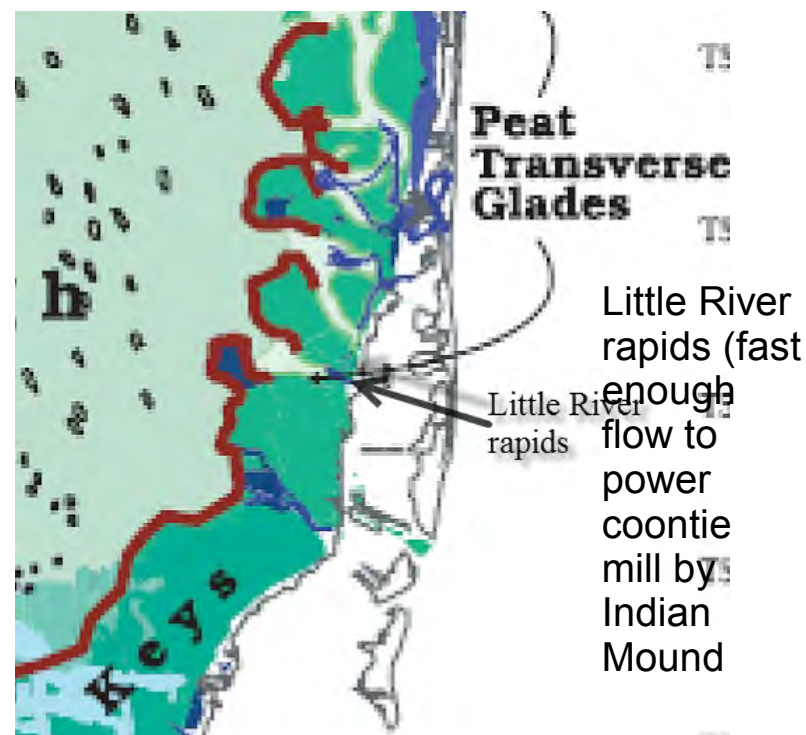
Before the Everglades were drained at the beginning of the 20th Century, they mostly contained very shallow water dammed in by the Coastal Ridge. Water flowed into the Coastal Ridge through extensions of the Everglades called transverse glades, and then down to the coast (or Biscayne Bay) through rapids.



Dry season water level in Everglades 0-1 feet deep (green area), 1-1.5 ft deep in transverse glade in west side of what is now El Portal



Wet season water level in Everglades 2-3 feet deep (blue area), about 5-6 ft above sea level.



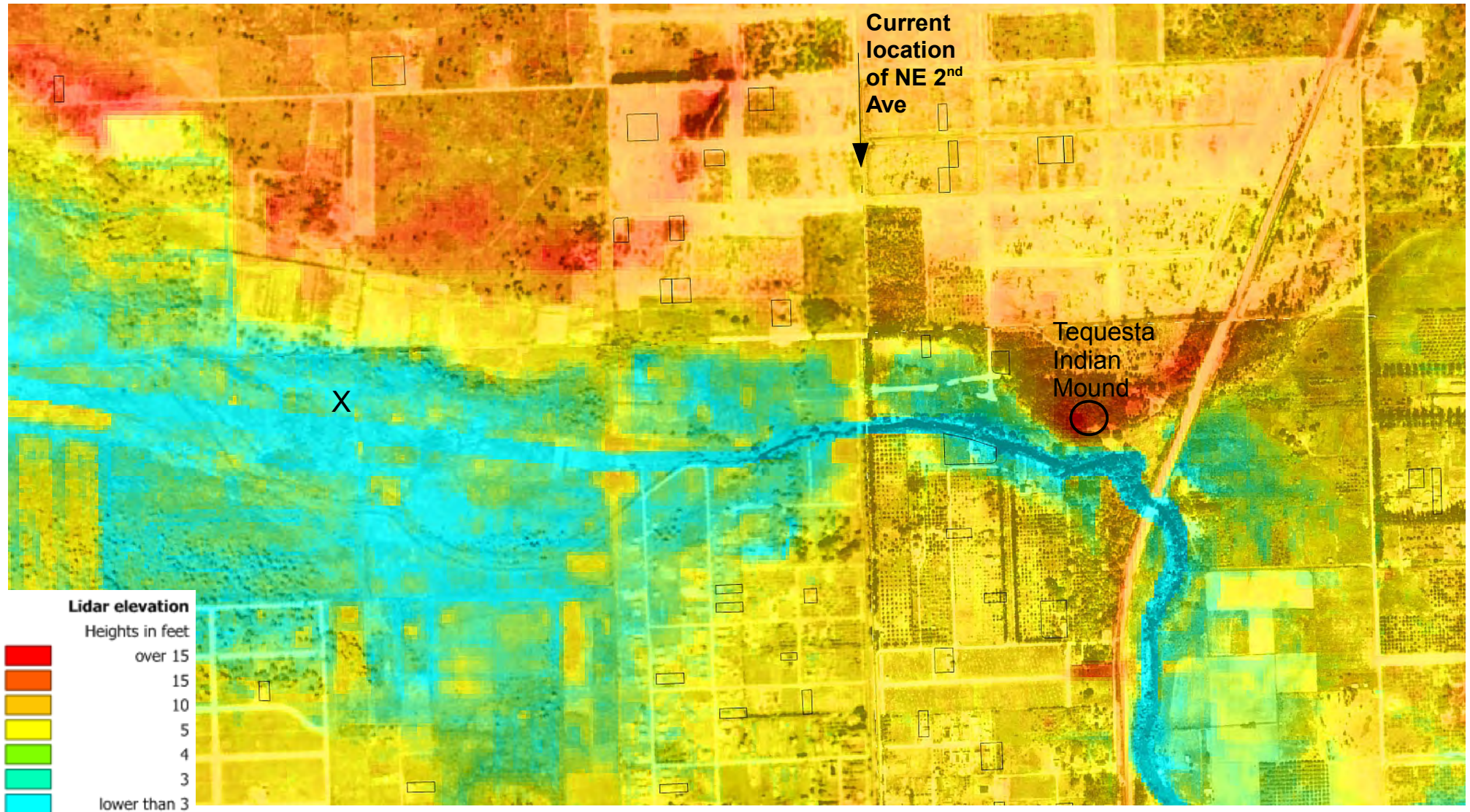
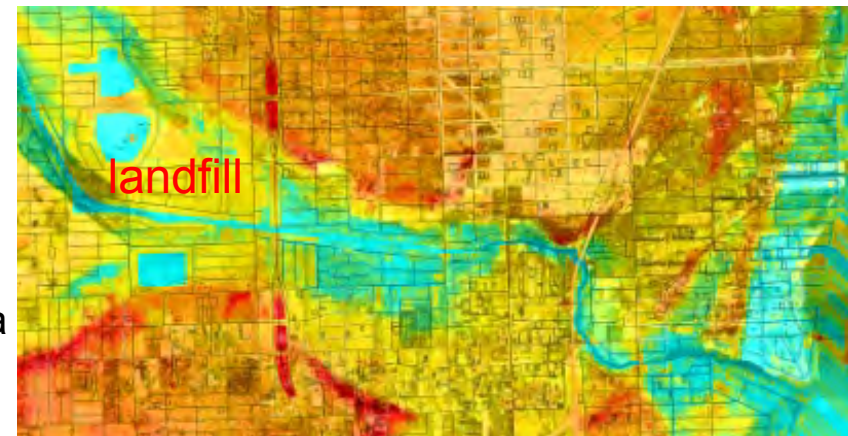
Little River rapids (fast enough flow to power coontie mill by Indian Mound)

Plate 5. Landscapes of the predrainage Everglades and bordering areas, ca. 1850. Source: This study.

Source: McVoy, Christopher W., Winifred Park Said, Jayantha Obeysekera, Joel Van Arman, and Thomas Dreschel. 2011. *Landscapes and Hydrology of the Predrainage Everglades*. University Press of Florida.

Colors show current elevation in feet from lidar mapping. NE 2nd Ave marks the end of what was the transverse glade to the west and the beginning of the Little River rapids. The elevation of what was the the transverse glade has lowered due subsidence of peat that was the base of the transverse glade. Where NE 2nd Ave is now in predrainage times water went through a narrow passage in the coastal ridge and then began a 4-5 ft drop to sea level, most of it in a distance of about one mile.

Background map is 1924 aerial photo. Rectangles show parcels that have a structure with a year-built date of 1924 or earlier.



This shows the same elevation map but with a 1928 aerial photo, taken two years after the 1926 hurricane. The C-7 canal has been dug and built up to NE 2nd Ave. Streets have gone in to Sherwood Forest but that development went bankrupt in the depression that was soon to follow. Rectangles show parcels that have a structure with a year-built date of 1928 or earlier. El Portal Village was later incorporated in 1937.

Damage from the 1926 hurricane in what is now El Portal was not much compared to islands like Miami Beach (photo of Haulover bridge with all the land around it washed away).



Discussion of possible history project for interested residents – see www.worldmountain.com/elportalcensus

[illegible]

State Florida Incorporated place El Portal Ward of city _____ Unincorporated place _____
 County Dade Township or other division of county _____ Block Nos. _____ Institution _____
(Name of unincorporated place)
(Name of institution)

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-11576

Line No.	LOCATION	HOUSEHOLD DATA				NAME	RELATION	PERSONAL DESCRIPTION				EDUCATION	PLACE OF BIRTH	
		1. Street, avenue, road, etc.	2. In case number (in cities and towns)	3. Number of household in order of valuation	4. Home owned (O) or rented (R)			5. Color or race	6. Sex—Male (M), Female (F)	7. Age at last birthday	8. Marital status—Single (S), Married (M), Widowed (W), Divorced (D)		If born in the United States, give State, Territory, or possession. If foreign born, give country in which birthplace was situated on January 1, 1937. Distinguish Canada, French from Canada, English and Irish Free State (Ire) from Northern Ireland.	
1						7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
41	No Homes on First Avenue or Second Avenue North East 87th Street	15	15	0	0000	No	Freder Harbruch	Head	M	56	M	No	8	New York
42							Eva	wife	F	52	M	No	H-3	New York
43							Eleanor H	daughter	F	22	S	No	C-3	New York
44							Eva M	daughter	F	11	S	No	6	New York
45		129	16	0	3500	No	Douglas Ethel	Head	F	49	S	No	H-2	Indiana
46		135	17	0	4000	No	Ar. Williams Ralph	Head	M	31	M	No	H-2	Florida
47							Annie R	wife	F	30	M	No	H-1	Kansas
48							Carrall A	daughter	F	1	S	No		Florida
49							Hemg W	Father	M	67	W	No	8	Florida
50		169	18	0	3500	No	Yogh Richard P	Head	M	52	M	No	7	Mississippi
51							Willed	wife	F	42	M	No	C-2	North Carolina
52							Phillip L	Son	M	18	S	No	C	North Carolina
53							James W	Son	M	14	S	No	H	Florida
54							Hughes L Isaac	Father in law	M	78	W	No	C-2	North Carolina

PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER—EMPLOYMENT STATUS

PERSONS 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER—EMPLOYMENT STATUS														INCOME IN 1939 (12 months ending December 31, 1939)		Number of Farm Schedule Line No.		
Was this person at work for pay or profit in private or nonemergency Govt. work during week of March 21-27? (Yes or No)							For a person at work, assigned to public emergency work, or with a job ("Yes" in Col. 21, 22, or 24), enter present occupation, industry, and class of worker. For a person seeking work ("Yes" in Col. 23): (a) If he has previous work experience, enter last occupation, industry, and class of worker; or (b) if he does not have previous work experience, enter "New worker" in Col. 28, and leave Cols. 29 and 30 blank.							Number of weeks worked in 1939 (Equivalent full-time weeks)			Amount of money wages or salary received (including commissions)	
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	OCCUPATION Trade, profession, or particular kind of work, as— frame spinner salesman laborer rivet heater music teacher	INDUSTRY Industry or business, as— cotton mill retail grocery farm shipyard public school	Class of worker	CODE (Leave blank)	31	32	33	34				
Yes	—	—	—	—	16	2	Iron worker	Building Construction	PM	398	26	1200	No	50				
Yes	—	—	—	—	30		Teacher	Public School		134	52	1000	No	51				
No	No	No	No	S									No	52				
No	No	No	No	S									No	53				
No	No	No	No	U	7								Yes	54				
Yes	—	—	—	—	40		Part tempor	Building Construction		210	52	2400	No	55				

SUPPL. QUEST.



SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

Priority Structures: S-27, S-28, and S-29 Coastal Spillways



Update on Climate Change and Water Management in South Florida

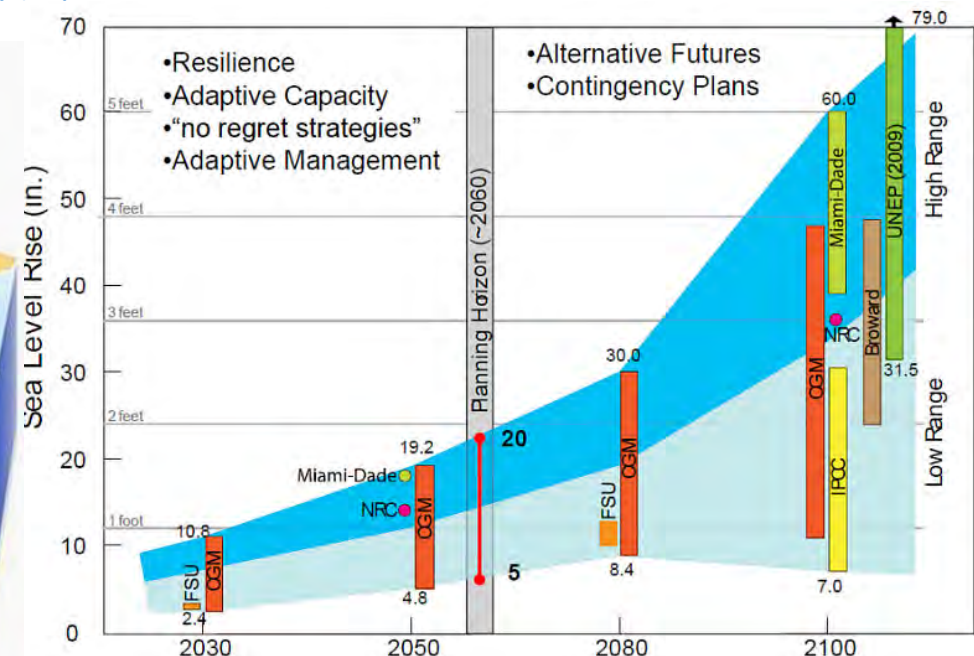
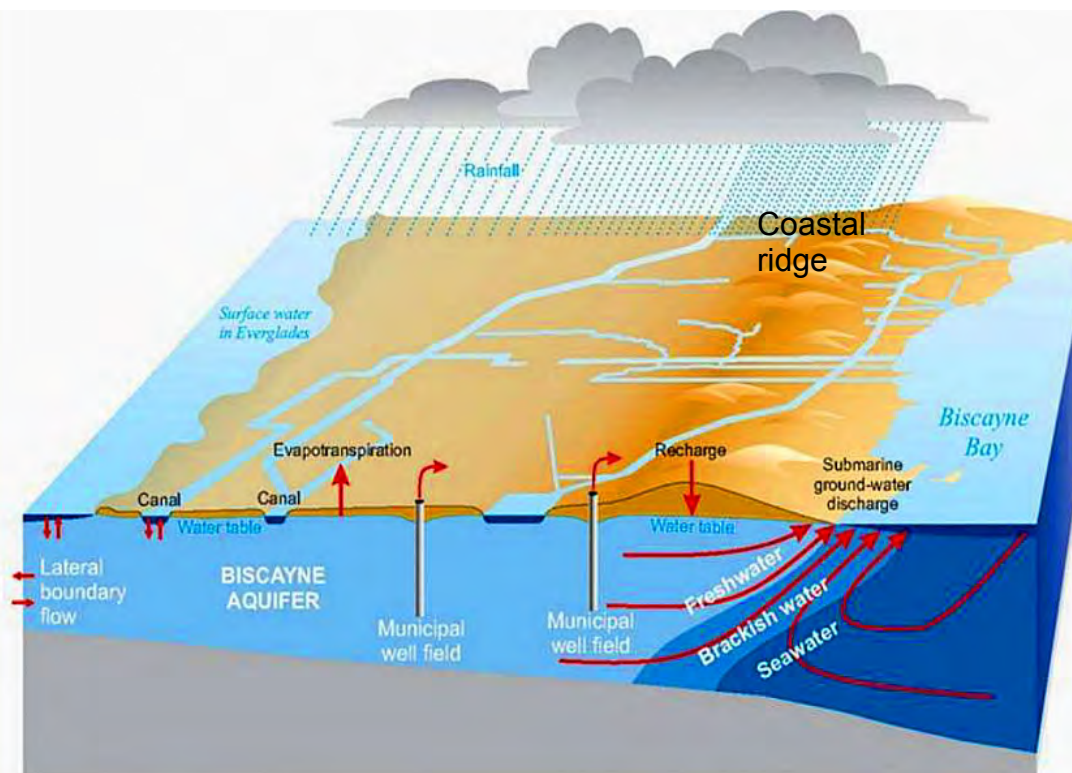
Kim Shugar
Department Director
Intergovernmental Programs

Jayantha Obeysekera (Obey)
Department Director
Hydrologic & Environmental Systems
Modeling

Governing Board Workshop
November 09, 2010

sfwmd.gov

Schematic diagram of the hydrological cycle in Southeast Florida. Southeast Florida receives approximately 60 inches of year annually. Most of Southeast Florida sits on the Biscayne Aquifer, an open coastal aquifer of high porosity and transmissivity. (Graphic: USGS)



THE 4TH ANNUAL SOUTHEAST FLORIDA
REGIONAL CLIMATE LEADERSHIP SUMMIT

2012 Regional Climate Summit: Moving Forward and Taking Action
Jupiter Beach Resort | 5 North A1A, Jupiter, Florida 33477

Day One Morning: Thursday, December 6, 2012